Evaluation of Corn Silage Hybrids in Temiskaming

Purpose:

To evaluate the performance of corn silage hybrids for suitability in the Temiskaming region of Ontario.

Methods:

With the improvement of drainage on farms, earlier maturing corn silage hybrids arriving on the market and a slight increase in the Corn Heat Units in the last decade more and more livestock producers are looking at growing corn silage in Temiskaming. Corn silage is an emerging crop in the district, which has been known primarily for cereal, canola and forage production. The average Corn Heat Units for the last 12 years is 2,461

The Temiskaming Crop Coalition found three co-operators for the corn silage trial at locations in Thornloe, Earlton and BelleVallée. Each site had two corn silage hybrids replicated at least 4 times to account for field variability in drainage, manure application, soil type and other variable factors. At harvest two loads of each hybrid were weighed and a composite sample was sent to a laboratory for feed analysis (wet chemistry).

On the following pages you will find the weather information for the 2005 growing season and the yield / quality results of the trials.

Pictures: axle scales purchased by the Temiskaming Crop Coalition in 2004

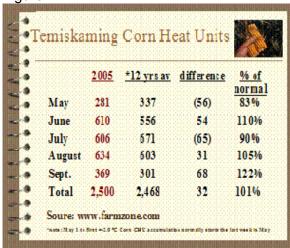




<u>Weather of 2005</u>: As we know corn yields correlate directly with the heat units. Heat units were good in 2005 with a total of 2,500 from May 1st to September 24th however moisture was the limiting factor to higher yields in the district. The frost free period was also longer than normal with 133 days from May14th to September 24th.

Results:

Figure 1.



Corn silage yield in Tem iskaming

tonnes/acre @ 65% moisture

Summary:

Observations and Comments:

- Precipitation recorded by township from May until the end of August by Agricorp was the following for the corn silage sites. Many sites were below the average season precipitation.
 - A) Kerns township (Thornloe site) 256mm or 78% of average season
 - B) Armstrong township (Earlton site) 365mm or 111% of average season
 - C) Hillard township (Belle Vallée site) 280mm or 85% of average season
- Yield obtained in 2005 were near or slightly above district average however lower than anticipated with the high heat units (2,500CHU) received.
- Corn Silage Hybrid Pioneer 39T67 had a slight yield advantage over the other hybrids on the three sites.
- Moisture levels at harvest were lower this year. Most years moisture levels can be high at harvest leading to silo seepage.
- Corn silage quality is excellent from the feed analysis performed by wet chemistry.

Table 1. 2005 Temiskaming Corn Silage Site Information and Results								
Site	Thornloe		Earlton		Belle Vallée			
Hybrid	Dekalb DK27-12	Pioneer 39T67	Dekalb DK26-78	Pioneer 39T67	Dekalb DK26-78	Pioneer 39T67		
Moisture at harvest	67.15%	62.3%	59.9%	62.02%	69.82%	65.27%		
Yield @ 65% moisture t/ha (t/ac)	30.33 (13.54)	33.02 (14.74)	27.50 (12.27)	31.94 (14.26)	21.17 (9.45)	25.85 (11.54)		
Protein DM	8.51%	7.8%	8.03%	6.77%	8.38%	8.20%		
A.D.F % DM	24.9%	24.93%	16.92%	20.27%	22.73%	24.42%		
TDN % DM	68.26%	68.25%	72.72%	70.85%	69.48%	68.54%		
Net Energy (lac)Mcal/kg.	1.54	1.54	1.65	1.61	1.57	1.55		
Previous Crop	Yr1 Barley, Yr2 Canola		Yr1 pasture,Yr2 hay		Yr1 corn			
Soil test	pH 7.2,P 22H, K 214VH		pH6.5,P9L, K184VH		pH6.2,P12M, K 68M			
Drainage	100ft parallel to rows		60ft perpendicular		100ft perpendicular			
Soil type	Ens sandy loam/ Hnc silty clay (east end)		Hanbury clay		Fac Falardeau Silty clay loam			
Seeding date	May 6 th 200	5	May 9 th 200)5	May 8 th 200	75		
Seeding Rate	30,200 seeds/ac		30,000 seeds/ac		31,000 seeds/ac 8-32-16 @150lbs + 46-0-0 @190lbs			
Fertilizer	8-32-16@95lbs		11-52-0 @95lbs					
Manure applied	Lq dairy 3,6	00 gal/ac	Lq dairy 5,200gal/ac		None			
Total fertility applied in lbs	66-50-104		93-83-124		99-48-24			
Hybrids	Dekalb 27-12	Pioneer 39T67	Dekalb 26-78	Pioneer 39T67	Dekalb 26-78	Pioneer 39T67		
CHU rating	2,250CHU	2,250CHU	2,150CHU	2,250CHU	2,150CH U	2,250CHU		
Herbicide applied	1 app. 1L R	ound Up	1 app. 75L	Round up	Round up			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4	o ('		o (:	4	4 4:		
# of replication	4 rows rep. 6 times		8 rows rep.9 times		4rows rep. 4 times			
Harvest date	September		September 12 th 2005 September 9 th 2005					
Factors limiting yield in 2005	 Dry summer Volunteer canola Lack of Nitrogen		Dry summerQuackgrass pressure		Dry summerSeed placementVol canola & vetch			

Table 2. 2005 Temiskaming Corn Silage Site Information and Results								
	Touzin Valley Farm (Touzin)	Rivadale Farm (Rivard)	Robertdale Farm (R.Robert)	Loranlee Farms (B.Loranger)				
Hybrid	Dekalb 27-12	Dekalb 27-12	Pioneer 39T67	Pioneer 39T67				
Heat Units Rating	Dekalb 27-15 2,250CHU	Dekalb 27-15 2,250CHU	2,250CHU	2,250CHU				
Harvest date	September 8 th	September 9 th	September 12 th	September 15 th				
Moisture at harvest	67%	67%	64%	66%				
Yield @ 65% Moisture t/ha (t/ac)	34.16 (15.25)	32.30 (14.42) note cutting 16"	38.13 (17.02)	34.05 (15.2)				
# of loads weighed	2 loads	2 loads	1 load	3 loads				
Seeding date	May 18 th 2005	n/a	May 5 th 2005	n/a				
Plants population	33,500	34,000	n/a	n/a				
Fertilizer	73-130-0	n/a	n/a	n/a				
Manure applied	Not known	n/a	n/a	n/a				
Precipitation % of average season total	Casey 75%	Armstrong 111%	Armstrong 111%	Armstrong 111%				

Next Steps:

Acknowledgements:

Thanks to the co-operators and the following agri-businesses including Wabi Valley Elevators, Temiskaming Ag Center, Pioneer Hi-bred and Dekalb

Funding for the project was supplied by an OSCIA Major Grant and Trans Canada Pipelines which was greatly appreciated.

Project Contacts:

Daniel Tassé, OMAFRA, New Liskeard 1-800-461-6132, daniel.tasse@omafra.gov.on.ca